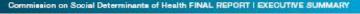
- 1. Improve daily living conditions
- Tackle the unequal distribution of power, money and resources







Closing the gap in a generation

Health equity through action on the social determinants of health

 Measure and understand the problem and assess the impact of action





A gameplan for action

1. Identify and keep hold of the goal

- Equity at the centre
- A SDH approach
- 2. Fit for purpose evidence for action
- 3. Leadership and support structures
- 4. Understand the Realpolitik
- 5. Strategic engagement

Avoid selective SDH

Comprehensive Versus Selective Primary Health Care: Lessons For Global Health Policy

Meeting people's basic health needs requires addressing the underlying social, economic, and political causes of poor health.

by Lesley Magnussen, John Ehiri, and Pauline Jolly

ABSTRACT: Primary health care was declared the model for global health policy at a 1978 meeting of health ministers and experts from around the world. Primary health care requires a change in socioeconomic status, distribution of resources, a focus on health system development, and emphasis on basic health services. Considered too idealistic and expensive, it was replaced with a disease-focused, selective model. After several years of investment in vertical interventions, preventable diseases remain a major challenge for developing countries. The selective model has not responded adequately to the interrelationship between health and socioeconomic development, and a rethinking of global health policy is urgently needed.

Health Affairs, 23, no.3 (2004):167-176

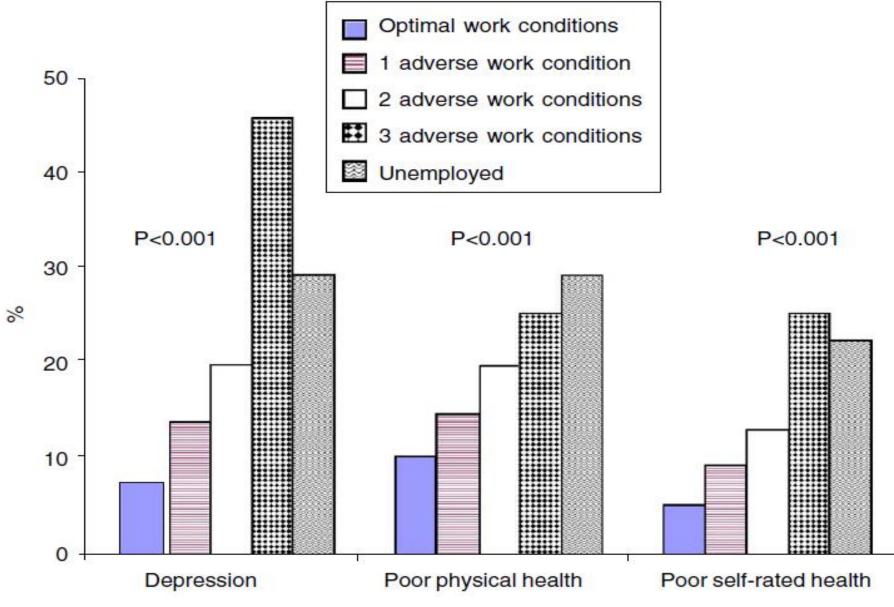
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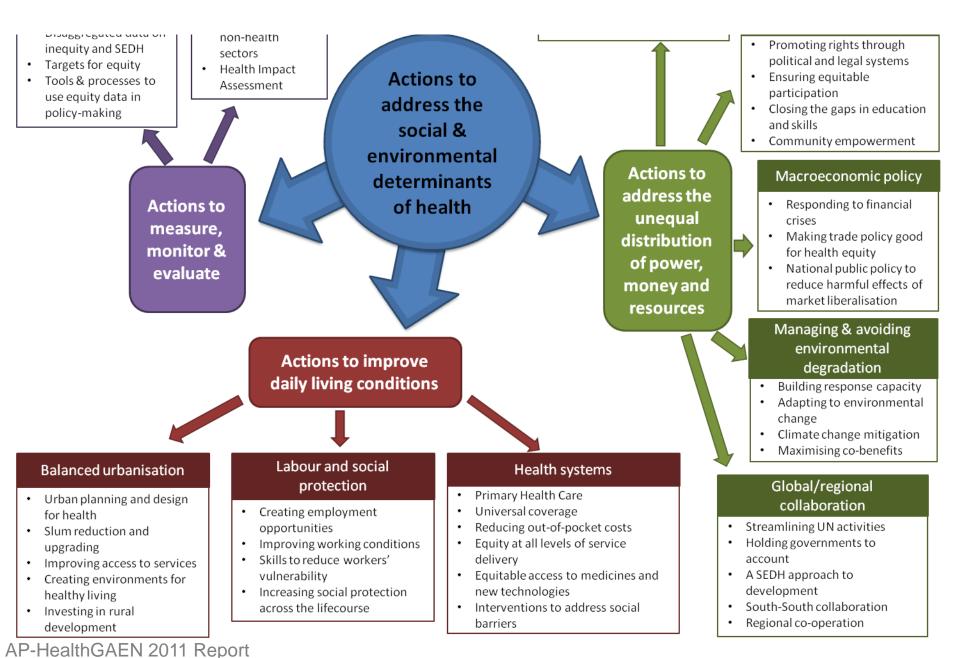


Work and health, middle aged Australians



Broom et al Social Science & Medicine 63 (2006) 575–586

A SDH approach means ALL of this





- 1. Identify and keep hold of the goal
- 2. Fit for purpose evidence for action
- 3. Leadership and support structures
- 4. Understand the Realpolitik
 - Framing is everything
 - Embrace the messiness
- 5. Strategic engagement



...While objective evidence-based approaches have been favoured in recent years, participants argued that **moral and ethical arguments** sit at the core of public policy. To disengage with these is to disengage with the issues around which political and policy arguments are fought and won...

Carey & Crammond 2014. Taking action on the SDH. Insights from politicians, policymakers and lobbyiSts

A national conversation about inequity

